

# 7-Dimensional Telescope & 7-Dimensional Sky Survey

A night sky with the Milky Way galaxy visible, and a large white telescope structure on a hillside in the foreground.

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(Seoul National University)  
2021-12-22

# Scope of the workshop

- ▶ 7DT & 7DS Introduction
  - ▶ 7DT/7DS Science Case Exploration
  - ▶ Invitation for collaboration
  - ▶ Discuss survey strategy, etc
- Presentation/Discussion in Korean or English
  - We will ask speakers to provide their presentation files

# History

- ▶ 2014–2015 incubation of ideas
- ▶ 2016. 2 : SRC proposal → succeeded, but failed, long story
- ▶ 2020: resurrection of the project
- ▶ 2021: 7DT project approved as a part of GWUniverse initiative

# Project

- ▶ 과학난제도전 융합연구사업
  - 중력파우주연구단(PI: Hyung Mok Lee, SNU)  
Center for the GW Universe (GWUniverse)
- ▶ 4.5 year (2021 - 2025), 90억 원
- ▶ Cosmology with Multi-Messenger Astronomy and Artificial Intelligence
- ▶ 2 Subgroups
  - GW Cosmology (Hyung Mok Lee, Chunglee Kim, A. Shafieloo)
  - EM Counterpart with AI (M. Im, Jaehun Jung, Z. Lucas Uhm)

# Collaborators

GWUniverse	7DS
<p>Hyung Mok Lee (SNU) Myungshin Im (SNU) Arman Shafieloo (KASI) Chunglee Kim (Ewha W. U) Jae-Hun Jung (Postech) Z. Lucas Uhm (KASI)</p>	<p>Changbom Park (KIAS) Sung-Chul Yoon (SNU) Yong-Ik Byun (Yonsei U) Jeong-Eun Lee (Kyunghee U) Hyunjin Shim (Kyung-pook N.U) Minjin Kim (Kyung-pook N. U) Soojong Pak (Kyunghee U) Yujin Yang (KASI)</p>

# 7-Dimensional Telescope, 7DT

- ▶ Multiple telescope system with ~20 small telescopes
- ▶ The multiple telescope system in the biggest scale
- ▶ Medium-band filter for spectroscopy over the whole FoV

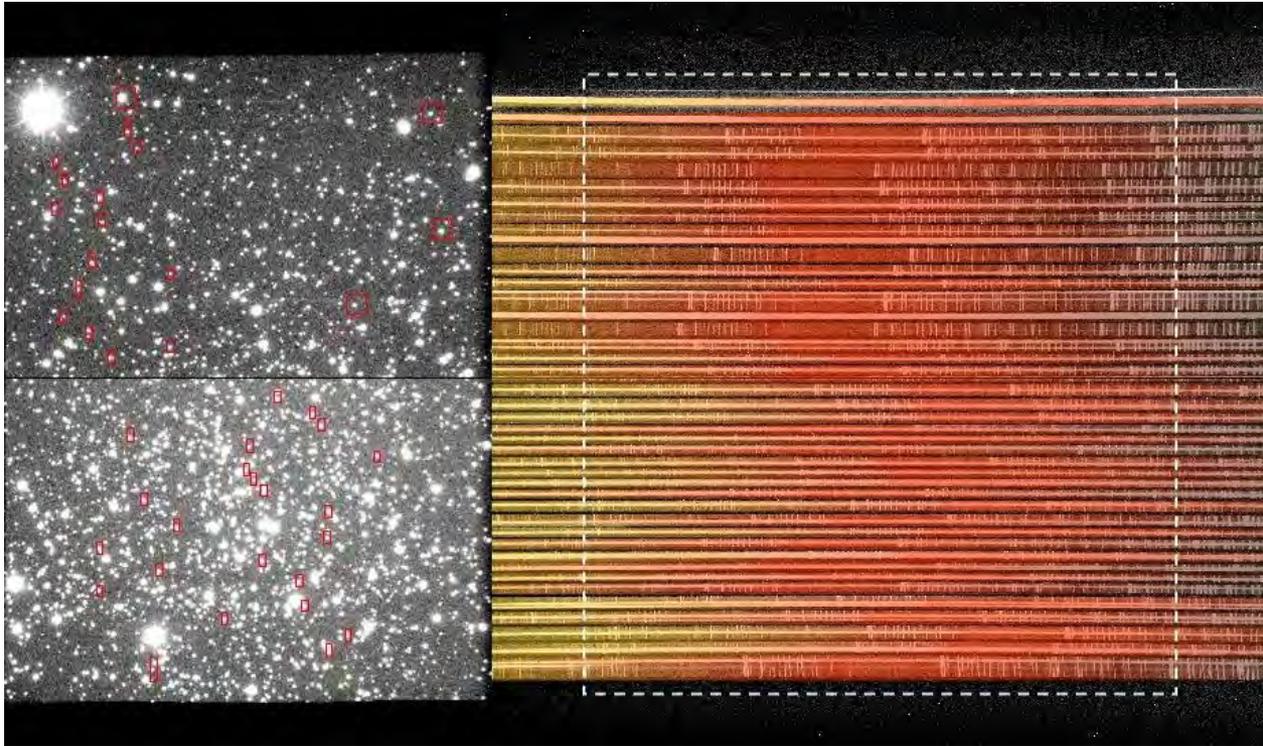


# Why 7D?

- ▶ X, Y, Z (3D)
- ▶ Time (1D)
- ▶ Flux (1D) at a wavelength (1D)
- ▶ Radial velocity (1D)
  
- ▶ The telescope explore the universe in 7-dimensional parameter space
  
- ▶ Wide-field, time-domain, IFU telescope

We get spectra for everything in a wide field of view and study their time evolution

The first survey of this kind – 60M spectra in one shot



▶ 60M spectral movie of the Universe

# ~3000 Astronomers worked on GW170817, the first case of GW EM counterpart: Cosmology, Stellar Evolution, Galaxy Evolution,..



2017-08-17 12:41:04 UTC  
라이고 및 비르고 중력파 신호 포착



+2초 후  
페르미 및 인티그랄 감마선 신호 포착



KMTNet(서울대/한국천문연구원)



+약 11시간 후  
칠레 천문대 망원경들이  
가시광선 신호 포착



+약 21시간 후  
국내연구진 호주 이상각망원경으로  
추적관측시작. 이후 약 4주간 추적관측  
(KMTNet, BOOTES-5망원경 등)



+약 9일 후  
찬드라 우주망원경  
X-선 신호 포착



+약 16일 후  
지상 전파망원경  
전파 신호 포착

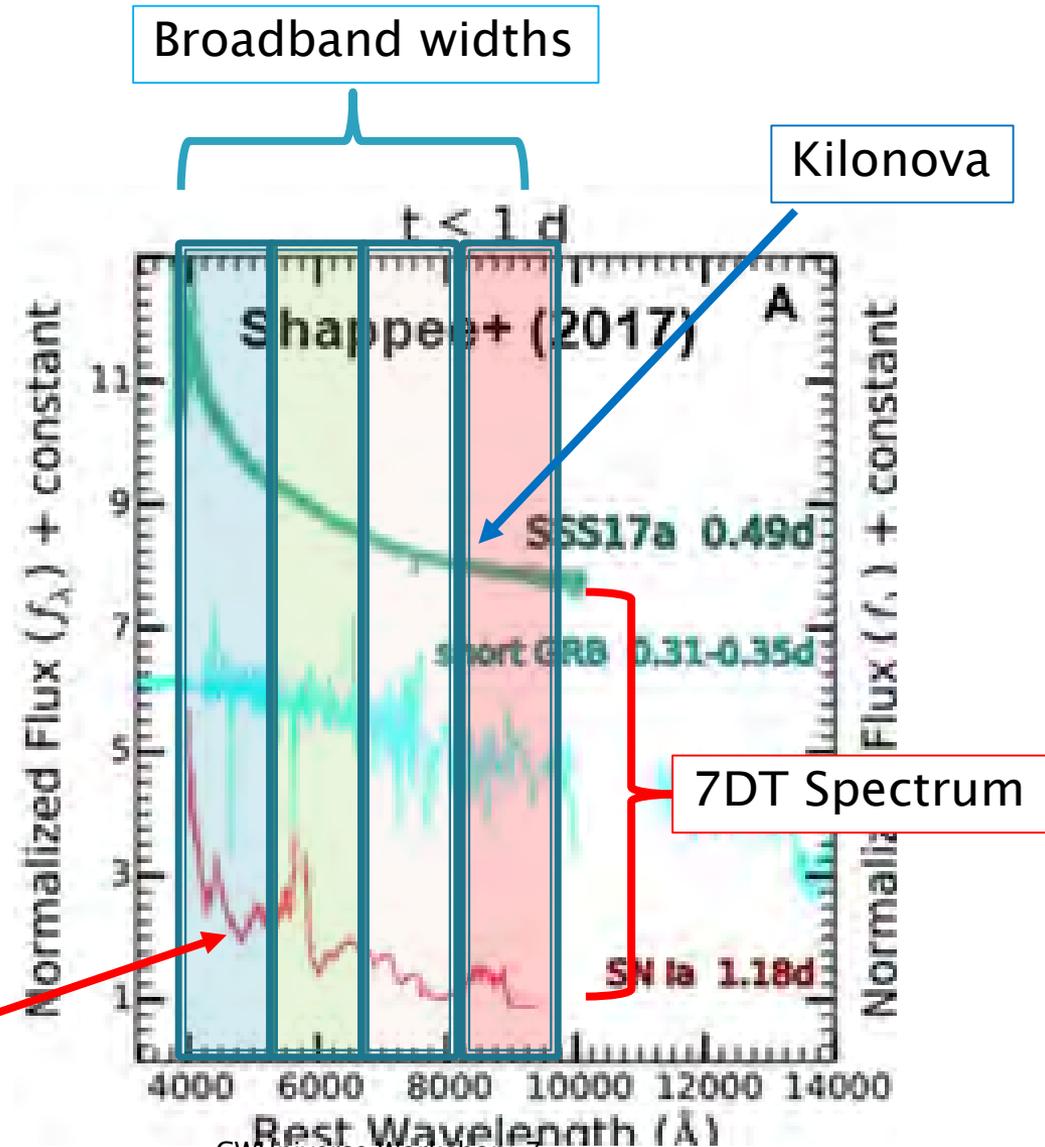
# Current limitations of MMA: only one EM counterpart discovered for GW events so far

- ▶ Poor GW source localization ( $> 10^{\circ}$ 's  $\text{deg}^2$  )
  - ▶ EM counterparts (kilonovae, KNe) are faint and becomes fainter fast
  - ▶ Too many transients/artifacts in a wide field of view
- ➔ Need for a wide-field telescope that can catch KNe fast

# Wide-field telescope with 7DT-like capability can identify KNe fast

With Medium-band,  
It is possible to  
distinguish SNe from  
kilonovae (EM  
counterpart for GW  
sources)

Supernova



# 7DT

- ▶ 20, 0.5–m wide–field telescopes
- ▶ High precision telescope mount
- ▶ 60M to 150M pixel BI CMOS camera (3.76 micron)
- ▶ 40 medium–band + 2–3 broad band

# 7DT Specification

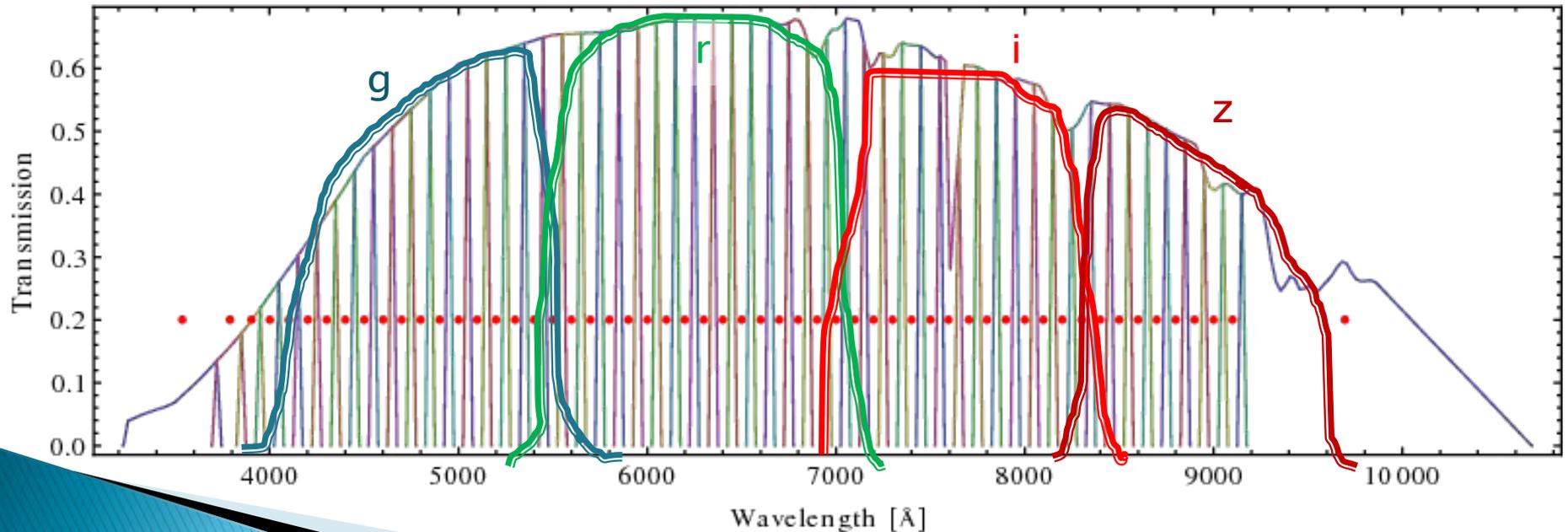
- ▶ 20, 0.5m, f/3.0 telescopes
- ▶ Effective diameter: ~2.3m
- ▶ FoV: 1.4 – 2.8 deg<sup>2</sup>
- ▶ Maximum FoV: 28 – 56 deg<sup>2</sup>
- ▶ Pixel size: 0.51 – 0.65 arcsec
- ▶ Limiting mag: 20.2, 19.8, 18.9 AB mag @ 425, 675, 825 nm (5-sigma, point source, 3min)
- ▶ Seeing: 1–1.5 arcsec
- ▶ 40 medium-band + 2 broad-band(g, r)

Each telescope observe the sky at two wavelengths

# 40 Medium-band filter

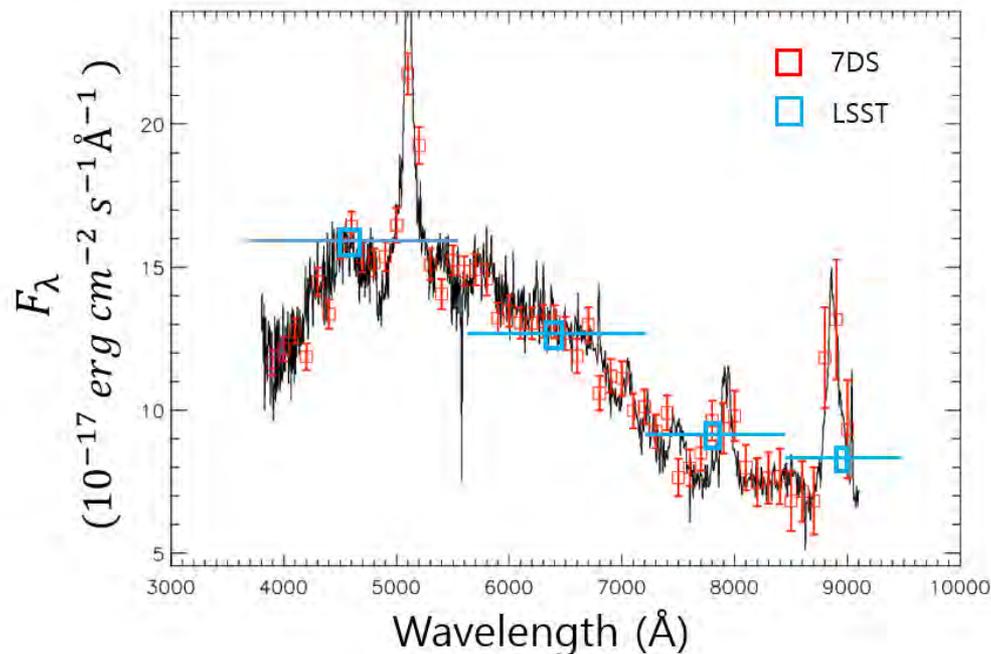
- ▶ 2 filters x 20 telescopes = 40 passbands
- ▶ Passband width: 20nm (vs broad-bands 150nm)
- ▶ Wavelength interval: 10nm
- ▶  $R \sim 40$  low resolution spectroscopy
- ▶ Obtain spectra for all the pixels

MB vs BB



# MB spectrum

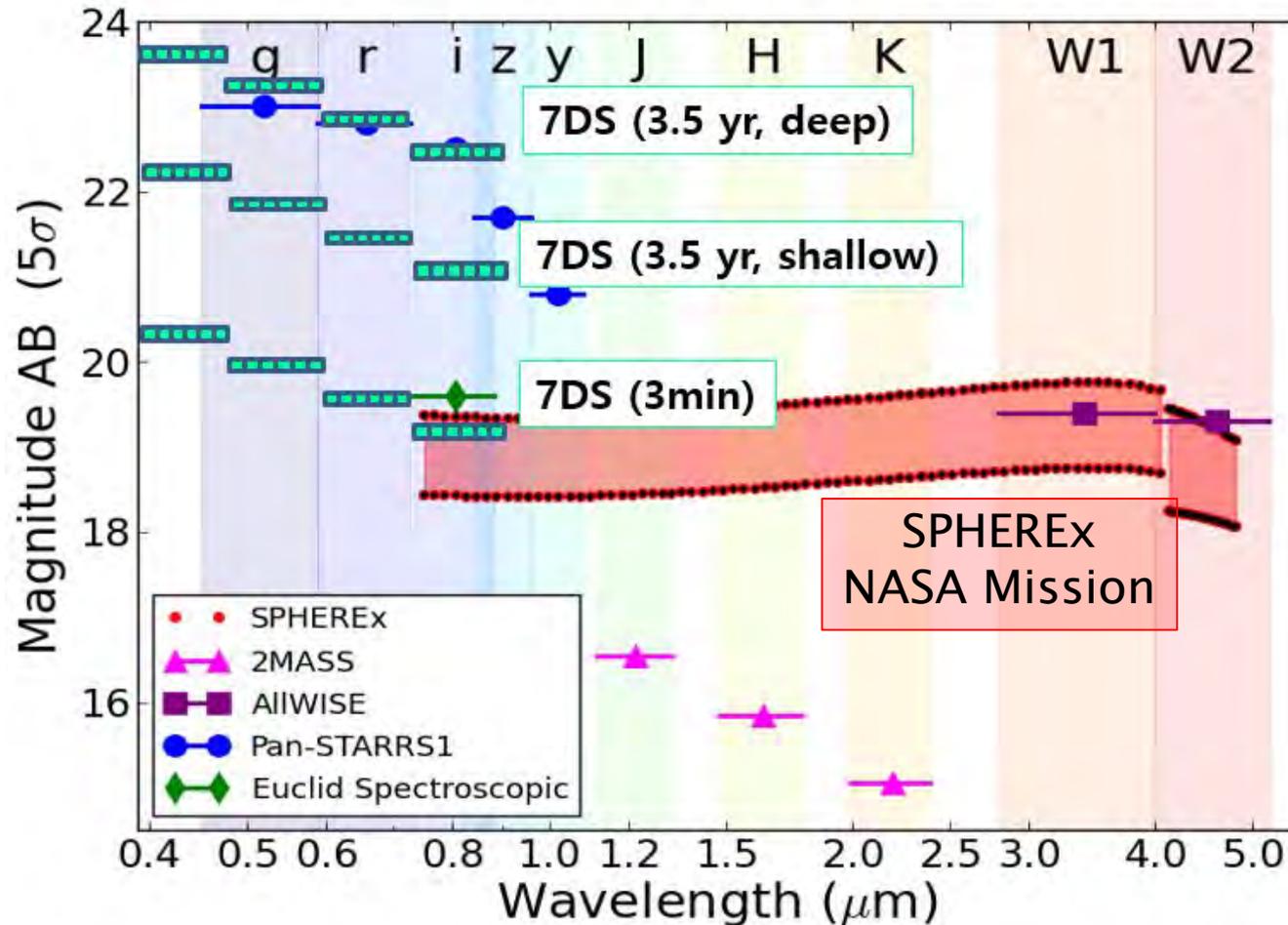
- ▶ Best suited for broad continuum features and broad emission lines continuum
- ▶ Photometric redshift:  $< 0.3\%$  –  $1\%$  accuracy
- ▶ Emission line/continuum can be separated well (vs broadband)



$Z = 0.822$ ,  
 $i = 18.3$  quasar spectrum  
(black: SDSS  
red: 7DS  
blue: LSST)

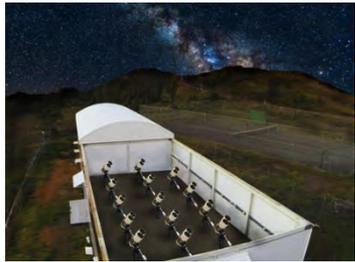
# 7DT Depths: Comparable or deeper than SPHEREx

## 7DS Detection Limits



# 7DT, Three Advantages

1. Deep Observing Mode  
All telescope pointing at the same location  
= 2.3m wide-field telescope



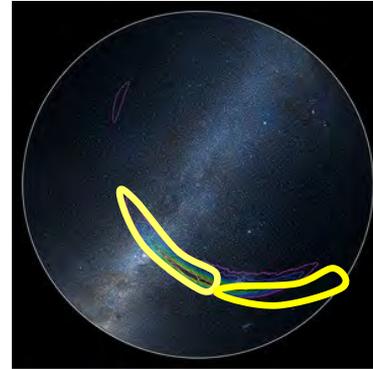
7DT



SDSS

2. Wide-field Mode

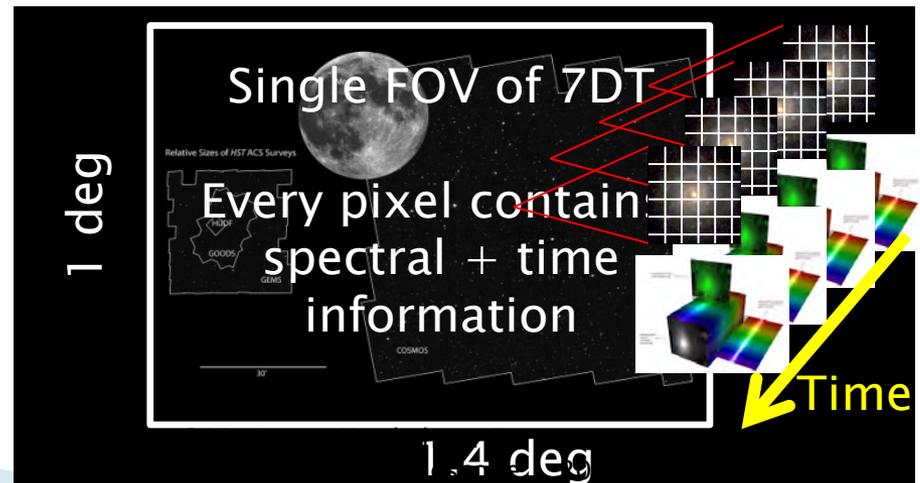
All telescope looking at different locations  
28 deg<sup>2</sup> with a single filter



GW150914 can be covered by two pointings

3. Spectroscopic Mode

Wide field IFU-type observation



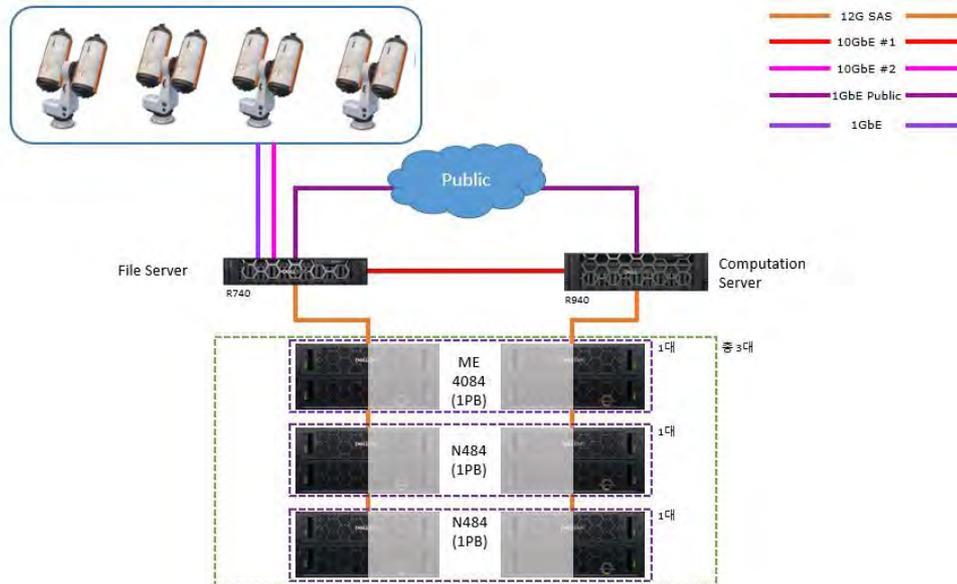
# Telescope site

- ▶ Chile, San Hurtado Valley (near CTIO/Cerro Pachon)
- ▶ Altitude: 1700 m
- ▶ 320 clear nights
- ▶  $<1''$  Seeing
- ▶ ObsTech or DeepSkyChile



# Data

- ▶ Raw data: ~1.5 TB per night
- ▶ 1.5 PB per year (including processed data)
- ▶ 3PB → 6PB, gradual increase of the data capacity
- ▶ Data transfer: 10Gbps line or on-site processing



# Observations

- ▶ 7-dimensional sky survey (7DS)
- ▶  $\sim 1,600 - 20,000 \text{ deg}^2$  to 20 AB mag ( $5-\sigma$ ) per epoch
- ▶  $\sim 14$  day cadence
- ▶ Multi-purpose survey: Transient search reference image and other science cases
- ▶  $\sim 3+$  yrs
  
- ▶ Kilonova search during GW O4/O5run
- ▶ Target-of-opportunity observations during the GW runs
- ▶ Identify KNe and obtain their redshifts fast (7DT and 8-m class telescopes)  $\rightarrow$  cosmology, etc

# Schedule

- ▶ **1<sup>st</sup> Step (Year 1,2,3)**
  - 7DT completion (5 units every 0.5yr)
  - Pilot 7DT observations
  - Data analysis system complete
- ▶ **2<sup>nd</sup> Step (Year 4,5)**
  - Regular 7DT operation (7DS + GW TOO)
- ▶ **3<sup>rd</sup> Step (Year 6+)**
  - 7 Dimensional sky survey



# Expected results

- ▶ ~ Rapid identification of 10–20 KNe
- ▶ ~1% accuracy for  $H_0$
- ▶ GW EM counterpart search for BBH, BH+NS mergers → unexpected outcome
- ▶ Characterization of KNe and their environment → where the gold mines of the universe?
- ▶ Other sciences with 7DS

# 7-dimensional sky survey

- ▶ AGN, quasars, galaxies, cosmology, solar system objects, supernovae, stars, etc

Subject	Now	7DS	Scientific value
Time-series spectra of quasars	~1,000	100,000	Complete census of SMBH AGN variability
RM measurement of BH mass	~100	10,000	Growth history of SMBHs
IFU spectra of galaxies	~10,000	50,000,00	Galaxy evolution
Galaxy clusters/superclusters	100,000	100,000	Cosmology, galaxy evolution
Early spectra of supernovae	~10	>1,000	Physical mechanism of Sne
Time series stellar spectra	1,000,000	1,000,000,000	Stellar evolution
Time-series spectra of small bodies of solar system	100	>10,000	Origin of the solar system, census of asteroids/comets

# Summary

- ▶ 7DT:
  - The biggest multiple telescope system with 20 wide-field telescopes
- ▶ Wide-field, IFU-type observation:
  - One shot, 60M spectra of the Universe
- ▶ Will be used to search GW EM counterparts and other science cases (7DS)
  - New window to the Universe



# Timeline



Tasks	2021B	2022A	2022B	2023A	2023B	2024A	2024B	2025A	2025B
7DT Construction	Design /Order	5 units, Enclosure	10 units	15 units	20 units Finish				
7DS Reference Imaging		Pilot survey			Full survey				
GW EM counterpart Search			O4 run					O5 run	O5 run
7DT Database System	Order	1 PB unit		2PB		4PB		6PB	
AI Analysis system	Order		Finish						
7DT ops software		Finish	Optimization						
7DT analysis software/ database		Finish	Optimization			Improv ement			